

## **Investor Presentation**



Restart Under New-Normality

February 2018

#### Disclaimer

This document may contain "forward-looking statements", which includes all statements that do not relate solely to historical or current facts and which are therefore inherently uncertain. All forward-looking statements rely on a number of assumptions, expectations, projections and provisional data concerning future events and are subject to a number of uncertainties and other factors, many of which are outside the control of Credito Valtellinese. There are a variety of factors that may cause actual results and performance to be materially different from the explicit or implicit contents of any forward-looking statements and thus, such forward-looking statements are not a reliable indicator of future performance. Credito Valtellinese undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required by applicable law.

Neither this document nor any part of it nor the fact of its distribution may form the basis of, or be relied on or in connection with, any contract or investment decision. Neither Credito Valtellinese nor any member of the Credito Valtellinese Group nor any of its or their respective representatives, directors or employees accept any liability whatsoever in connection with this document or any of its contents or in relation to any loss arising from its use or from any reliance placed upon it.

The information, statements and opinions contained in this document are for information purposes only. This document does not constitute an offer or an invitation to subscribe for or purchase any securities. The securities referred to herein have not been registered and will not be registered in the United States under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or in Australia, Canada or Japan or any other jurisdiction where such an offer or solicitation would require the approval of local authorities or otherwise be unlawful. The securities may not be offered or sold in the United States unless such securities are registered under the Securities Act, or an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act is available. Credito Valtellinese does not intend to register any portion of the offering of the securities in the United States or to conduct a public offering of the securities in the United States. Any public offering of securities to be made in the United States will be made by means of a prospectus that may be obtained from Credito Valtellinese and will contain detailed information about the bank and management, as well as financial statements. Copies of this document are not being made and may not be distributed or sent into the United States, Canada, Australia or Japan.

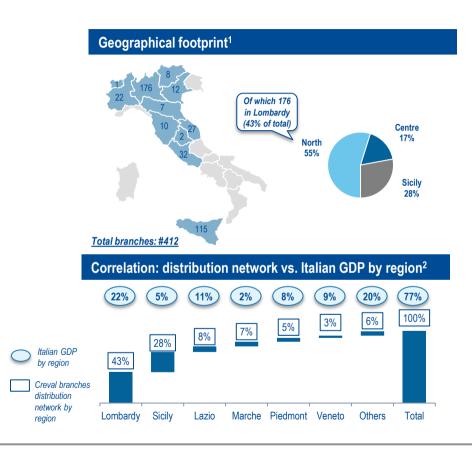




- 1. Executive Summary and 4Q2017 results
- 2. Creval Business Plan 2018 2020
- 3. Consolidated Results as at September 30<sup>th</sup> 2017



#### **Credito Valtellinese at a glance**

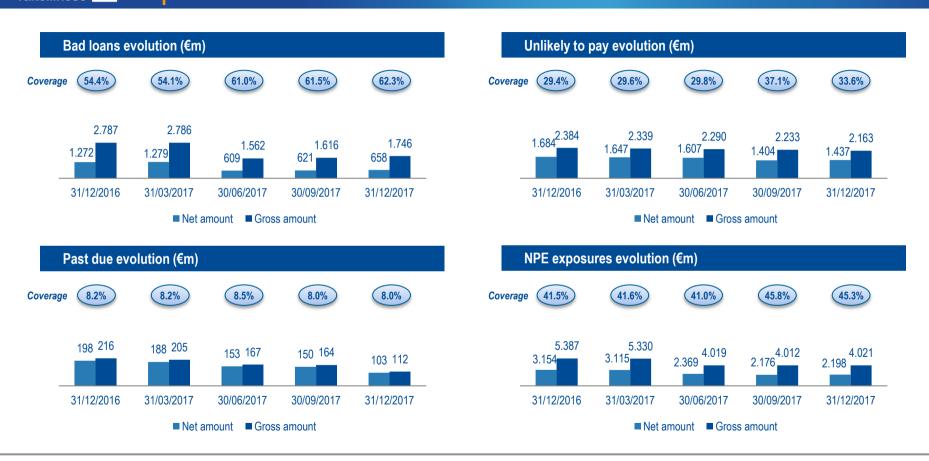


#### Overview

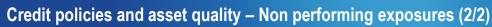
- Credito Valtellinese Group ("Creval" or the "Group") is a medium-size banking group, ranking 10 in terms of total assets, and is listed in the Italian stock exchange
- Parent company Credito Valtellinese was established in 1908 as a "popolare" bank in Sondrio, Lombardy, one of the wealthiest region of Italy
- Group branch network is primarily focused on northern regions
  - 65% of loans to customers are in North Italy, and 54% in Lombardy
  - Creval exposure to 77% of the Italian GDP
- Creval has important partnerships with top financial institutions in the asset management, consumer credit and leasing sectors.
   Additionally, the Group is finalising a bancassurance partnership with a top insurance player
- In 2016, Creval shareholders' meeting approved the transformation into joint-stock company



## **Credit policies and asset quality – Non performing exposures (1/2)**





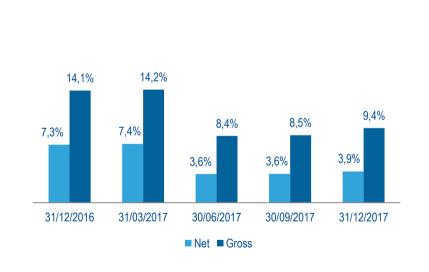




#### NPE ratio evolution (%)



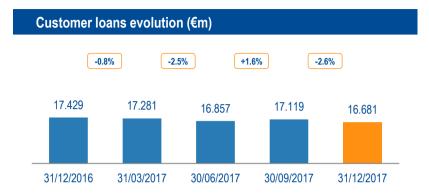
#### **Bad loans ratio evolution (%)**







## **Balance sheet and funding**



















#### Net interest income evolution (€m)



#### Net impairment losses on loans and other fin. assets (€m)



#### Fees & commissions evolution (€m)



#### Net income evolution (€m)





# P&L 2017 – Stated and adjusted figures

Data in €m	Dec-17	Dec-17 adjusted
Net interest income	392.0	392.0
Net fees and commissions	291.8	291.8
Net interest & comm. income	683.7	683.7
Dividends and similar income	2.9	2.9
Profit (loss) of equity-accounted investments	1.3	1.3
Net trading and hedging income (expense) and profit (loss) on sales/purchases	-200.2	46.6
Other operating net income	20.4	18.4
Operating income	508.1	752.9
Personnel expenses	-270.4	-277.9
Other administrative expenses	-193.6	-186.6
Depreciation/amortization and net impairment losses on property equipment and investment property and intangible assets	-28.2	-28.2
Operating costs	-492.3	-492.8
Operating profit	15.8	260.1
Net impairment losses on loans and receivables and other financial assets	-404.9	-171.8
Net accruals to provisions for risks and charges	-4.0	-4.0
Value adjustments of goodwill	0.0	0.0
Net gains (losses) on sales of investments	68.9	-0.8
Pre-tax profit (loss) from continuing operations	-324.2	83.5
Income taxes	-4.0	-4.0
Post-tax profit (loss) from continuing operations	-328.2	79.5
Total profit or loss after tax from discontinued operations	0.0	0.0
Profit (loss) for the period attributable to non-controlling interests	-3.7	-3.7
Profit (loss) for the period	-331.8	75.9





# **Extraordinary items (€m)**

Extraordinary Items	December 2017
Loss for NLP disposal (Elrond)	-242.7
Loss for UTP disposal	-13.4
Sale of Anima stake	9.3
Operating income (Elrond)	5.0
Operating costs (Elrond)	-3.0
Personnel extraordinary contribution	7.5
Other administrative expenses (Elrond)	-7.0
Write off of Atlante Fund and other	-39.4
Effects of the adoption of a new credit value adjustment policy and minor Elrond effects	-193.7
Profit from sale of investment	69.7
Extraordinary Items	-407.7
Pre-Tax Result	-324.2
Restated Pre-Tax Result	83.5



#### The three business plan pillars

Asset quality and coverage ratio

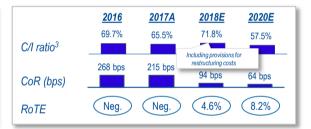
- Actions for decisive balance sheet derisking through:
- NPEs disposal with GACS (1.60€bn GBV)
- Other NPEs disposal (0.5€bn GBV)
- Increase of NPEs coverage ratios



2

# Relaunch efficiency and profitability

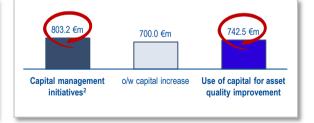
- · Improve operational efficiency
- Redundancy fund
- · Cost of risk reduction
- Further actions aimed at strengthening business profitability



3

## Capital strengthening

- 700€m rights issue fully pre-underwritten¹
- Non core assets disposals under way
- On top of the capital plan: AIRB models adoptions<sup>4</sup>, and IFRS 9 FTA





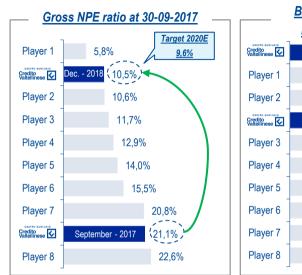


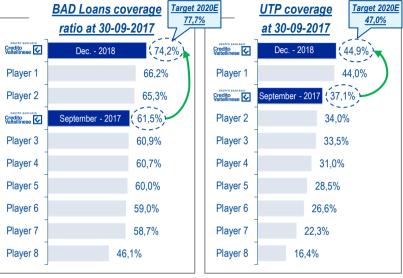
	2017A	2018E	2020E
CET1 pre AIRB (fully loaded)	10.4%	11.0%	11.6%
Texas ratio	124.8%	74.7%	62.4%
LCR	259%	>100%	>100%
Net NPE ratio	13.2%	5.5%	4.2%
Gross NPE ratio	21.7%	10.5%	9.6%
NPE coverage	45.3%	50.3%	59.1%
C/I ratio	65.5% <sup>1</sup>	71.8%	57.5%
RoTE	Neg.	4.6%	8.2%

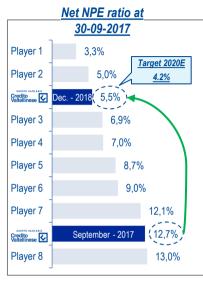




#### Improvement of Creval's risk profile





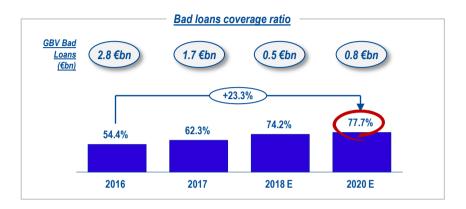


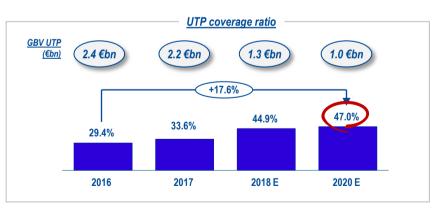


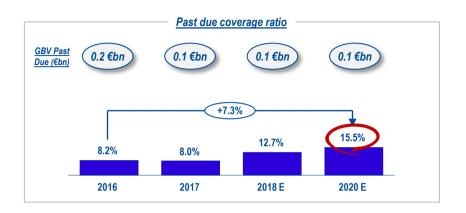


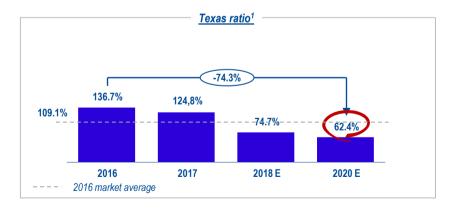


## NPE plan – evolution of coverage ratio











#### Asset quality and derisking – track record and new transactions



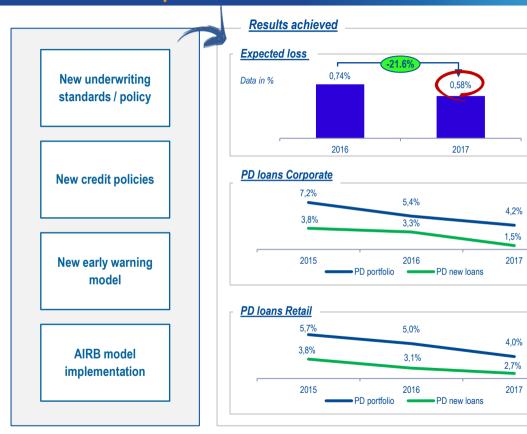


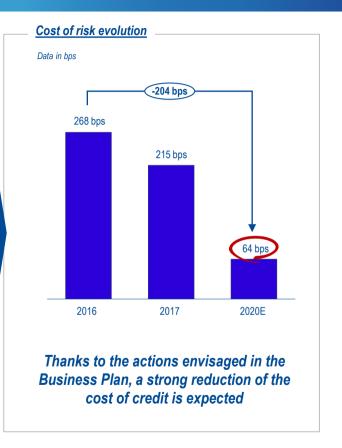


## Cost of risk reduction through new credit policies, new early warning model and AIRB

Data in %

Data in %

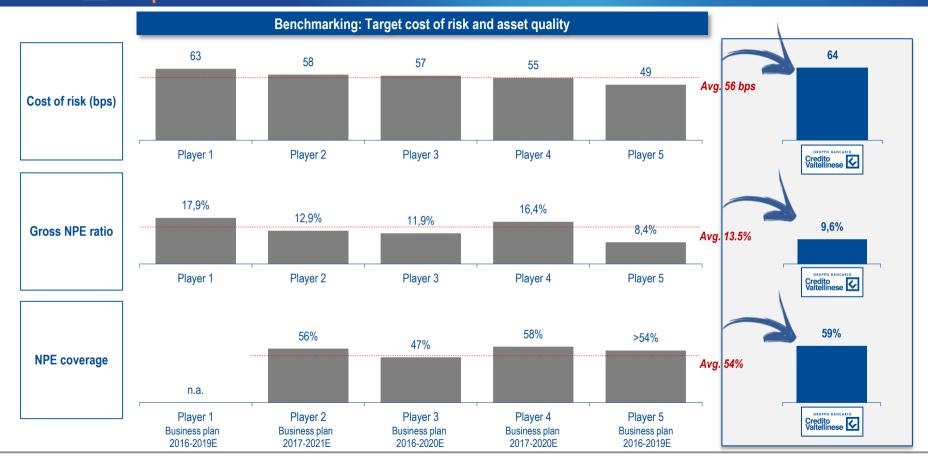








## Achievable and conservative cost of risk target



#### Group simplification through reduction of personnel, branches and other costs

Lean banking

Lean banking model through further organizational simplification and a specific cost optimization program

**Digital migration** 

 Migration from traditional channel to digital ones also through the development of an advanced online banking and innovative self-branches concept

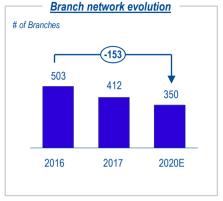
**ICT** management

 Development of Creval Sistemi e Servizi, also through partnership, in order to optimize the cost base, improve the time to market and to face the investment needed in the future (blockchain, cyber security...)

Industrial transformation

IT Investments for around 44€m to support the industrial transformation and evolution of the Group









#### **Commercial improvement**

Bancassurance and AUM

- Improvement of the bancassurance performance also through the partnership with major insurance players
- Further development of the strategic partnership with **ANIMA**

Biq data

Big data management through CRM development

**Digital banking** 

Further improvement of the digital offer strategy (Bancaperta)

**Performance** management

**Development of performance management tools** designed for real time monitoring

Value lending

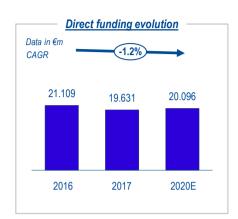
"Value lending" development (i.e. personal loans)

High value product

Factoring business already put in place; strengthening of the trade finance business through dedicated resources and budget and development of a dedicated offering for the agriculture sector

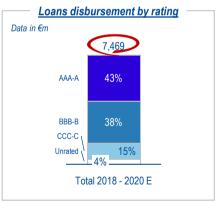






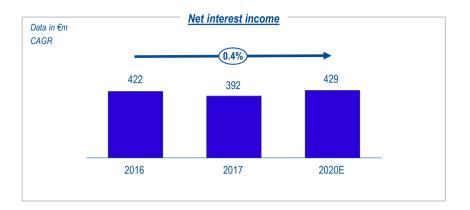


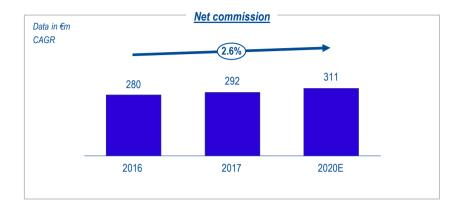


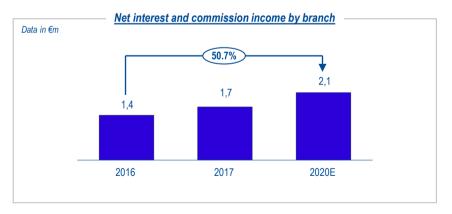


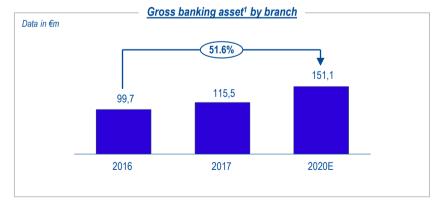


#### Net interest income and net commission evolution











Legend: xx CAGR %

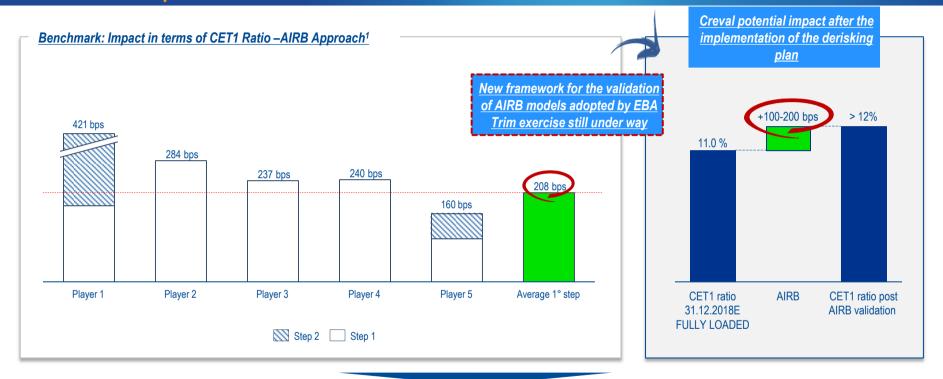
#### Capital increase and disposal of non core asset

## CET1 Impact 1 Action Description **700€m rights issue** fully pre-underwritten by a Syndicate of banks<sup>2</sup> Issue of new ordinary shares with pre-emptive rights to current shareholders Timetable: Launch expected in 1Q2018 subject to market conditions and regulatory approval Capital increase Syndicate structure: Mediobanca (Sole Global Coordinator and JBR), Banco Santander, Barclays, Citi, Credit Suisse (Co-Global Coordinators and JBR), Commerzbank and Jefferies (Senior Joint Bookrunners) and KBW and Equita SIM (Joint Bookrunners) Disposal of non core Disposal of non core assets / minority stakes with a positive impact on CET1 + 50 bps capital for c.60€m and c.40€m RWA release assets + 560 bps





#### Potential AIRB impact on CET1 Ratio



## Approval the AIRB model expected in 2018<sup>2</sup>





## **Economic and financial projections 2017 – 2020E**

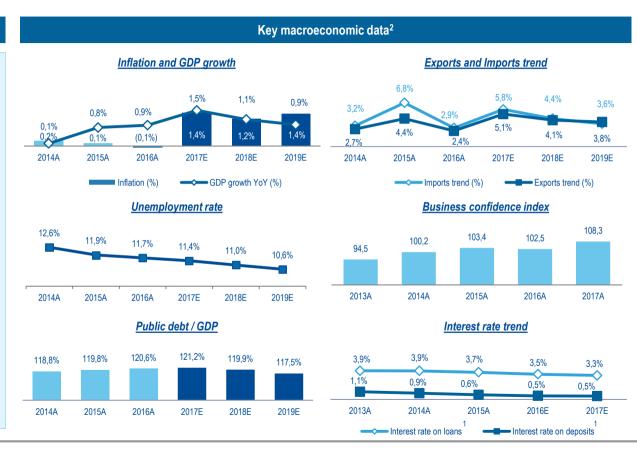
		2017A Adj	2018E	2020E	CAGR 2017 Adj – 2020E
	Net interest income	392	394	429	+3,0%
	Net fees and commission income	292	296	311	+2,2%
	Net interest and commission income	684	690	740	+2,7%
	Other revenues <sup>1</sup>	69	33	24	-29,3%
Income statement	Operating costs	-493	-520	-440	-3,7%
(€m)	Net impairment losses on loans and other assets	-172	-161	-113	-13,0%
	Other elements <sup>2</sup>	-5	52	-2	-31,1%
	Income before taxes	83	95	210	+36,0%
	Taxes	-4	-18	-60	n.m.
	Net income <sup>3</sup>	76	73	150	+25,4%
	Direct deposits	19.631	20.068	20.096	+0,8%
Balance	Indirect deposits	11.273	12.799	14.050	+7,6%
sheet	Customer loans	16.681	16.832	17.417	+1,4%
(€m)	Book value	1.442	1.603	1.834	+8,3%
	Tangible book value	1.398	1.587	1.818	+9,2%



#### Annexes – Italian macroeconomic overview

#### Macroeconomic context

- The macroeconomic conditions in Italy have improved for the fourth consecutive year
- GDP growth is projected to remain in positive territory, it is expected to reach 1.1% in 2018 and 0.9% in 2019
  - Private consumption and business investments are expected to remain the main growth drivers
- Following zero annual average consumer price inflation, the inflation will average 1.3% in the next three years, driven largely by higher global energy prices
- The growth of business investment has increased due to generous investment tax incentives and companies' need to renew their productive capacity
- The pace of exports of goods and services growth picked up through much of 2017, supporter demand in the wider euro zone
- Leading indicators for manufacturing and services, and rising business and consumer confidence, point towards robust economic activity in the near term
- The public debt ratio has stabilised in the last years but remains at high level, it is expected to decelerate from 2017







# Annexes – Reclassified balance sheet – quarterly figures (€'000)

Assets	31/12/2017	30/09/2017	30/06/2017	31/03/2017	31/12/2016
Cash and cash equivalents	197.829	152.978	156.385	150.632	170.735
Financial assets held for trading	20.681	27.282	20.280	22.797	18.999
Available-for-sale financial assets	4.419.352	4.474.735	4.495.735	4.908.900	5.436.165
Held-to-maturity investments	-	885.186	810.229	624.471	-
Loans and receivables with banks	2.033.413	851.891	916.938	1.347.802	821.748
Loans and receivables with customers	16.680.944	17.119.206	16.857.488	17.281.485	17.429.196
Hedging derivatives	199	82	-	-	-
Equity Investments	24.371	25.130	23.268	9.742	9.559
Property, equipment and investment property and intangible assets	439.842	441.388	449.962	480.553	483.816
Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale	3.955	6.928	507.709	32.071	1.498
Other assets	1.136.238	992.806	1.155.950	1.125.569	1.097.743
Total assets	24.956.824	24.977.612	25.393.944	25.984.022	25.469.459

Liabilities and Equity	31/12/2017	30/09/2017	30/06/2017	31/03/2017	31/12/2016
Due to banks	3.143.189	2.728.082	2.655.250	2.805.884	1.661.670
Direct funding from customers	19.631.283	19.896.215	20.023.354	20.168.413	21.108.765
Financial liabilities held for trading	713	1.827	674	411	1.468
Hedging derivatives	138.691	265.684	263.821	286.390	294.137
Other liabilities	431.330	552.140	727.207	802.722	437.838
Provisions for specific purpose	164.172	169.795	171.722	209.463	208.111
Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	5.352	2.844	3.378	3.586	4.040
Equity	1.442.094	1.361.025	1.548.538	1.707.153	1.753.430
Total liabilities and equity	24.956.824	24.977.612	25.393.944	25.984.022	25.469.459





# Annexes – Reclassified consolidated income statement – quarterly figures (€'000)

Income statement	Q4 2017		Q3 2017	(	22 2017	(	21 2017	C	24 2016
Net interest income	97.353		95.838		99.047		99.725		105.769
Net fee and commission income	78.561		70.881		74.646		67.670		75.545
Dividends and similar income	11		24		2.586		290		33
Profit (loss) of equity-accounted investments	289		832	-	16		174		142
Net trading and hedging income (expense) and profit (loss) on sales/repurchases	29.506	-	240.543	-	1.282		12.092	-	36.062
Other operating net income	6.065		3.669		5.795		4.905		3.375
Operating income	211.785	-	69.299		180.776		184.856		148.802
Personnel expenses	- 68.060	-	68.068	-	59.193	-	75.122	-	127.358
Other administrative expenses	- 38.169	-	47.741	-	59.494	-	48.217	-	69.494
Depreciation/amortisation and net impairment losses on property, equipment and investment property and intangible assets	- 7.010	-	7.363	-	6.455	-	7.399	-	9.474
Operating costs	- 113.239	-	123.172	-	125.142	-	130.738	-	206.326
Operating profit	98.546		192.471		55.634		54.118		57.524
Net impairment losses on loans and receivables and other financial assets	- 18.810	-	17.047	-	321.102	-	47.911	-	102.541
Net accruals to provisions for risks and charges	- 3.350	-	639		1.024	-	1.066		11.493
Value adjustments of goodwill			-		-		-	-	68.797
Net gains (losses) on sales of investments	- 13		97		68.798	-	18		5.105
Pre-tax profit (loss) from continuing operations	76.373	-	210.060	-	195.646		5.123		212.264
Income taxes	- 4.115		2.603	-	801	-	1.676		16.622
Post-tax profit (loss) from continuing operations	72.258	-	207.457	-	196.447		3.447	-	195.642
Profit (loss) for the period attributable to non-controlling interests	- 1.491	-	331	-	739	-	1.089	-	1.415
Profit (Loss) for the period	70.767	-	207.788	-	197.186		2.358	-	197.057





# Annexes – Focus on asset quality

Data in €m, unless otherwise stated	31/12/2016	31/03/2017	30/06/2017	30/09/2017	31/12/2017
Gross bad loans	2,787	2,786	1,562	1,616	1,746
Gross unlikely to pay	2,384	2,339	2,290	2,233	2,163
Gross past due	216	205	167	164	112
Gross NPE	5,387	5,330	4,019	4,012	4,021
Gross customer loans	19,750	19,582	18,584	19,027	18,566
Gross NPE ratio	27.3%	27.2%	21.6%	21.1%	21.7%
Gross bad loans ratio	14.1%	14.2%	8.4%	8.5%	9.4%

Data in €m, unless otherwise stated	31/12/2016	31/03/2017	30/06/2017	30/09/2017	31/12/2017
Net bad loans	1,272	1,279	609	621	658
Net unlikely to pay	1,684	1,647	1,607	1,404	1,437
Net past due	198	188	153	150	103
Net NPE	3,154	3,115	2,369	2,176	2,198
Net customer loans	17,429	17,281	16,857	17,119	16,681
Net NPE ratio	18.1%	18.0%	14.1%	12.7%	13.2%
Net bad loans ratio	7.3%	7.4%	3.6%	3.6%	3.9%







- 1. Executive Summary and 4Q2017 results
- 2. Creval Business Plan 2018 2020
- 3. Consolidated Results as at September 30<sup>th</sup> 2017



# Creval Business Plan 2018 – 2020





Restart Under New-Normality

November, 7th 2017







This document may contain "forward-looking statements", which includes all statements that do not relate solely to historical or current facts and which are therefore inherently uncertain. All forward-looking statements rely on a number of assumptions, expectations, projections and provisional data concerning future events and are subject to a number of uncertainties and other factors, many of which are outside the control of Credito Valtellinese. There are a variety of factors that may cause actual results and performance to be materially different from the explicit or implicit contents of any forward-looking statements and thus, such forward-looking statements are not a reliable indicator of future performance. Credito Valtellinese undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required by applicable law.

Neither this document nor any part of it nor the fact of its distribution may form the basis of, or be relied on or in connection with, any contract or investment decision. Neither Credito Valtellinese nor any member of the Credito Valtellinese Group nor any of its or their respective representatives, directors or employees accept any liability whatsoever in connection with this document or any of its contents or in relation to any loss arising from its use or from any reliance placed upon it.

The information, statements and opinions contained in this document are for information purposes only. This document does not constitute an offer or an invitation to subscribe for or purchase any securities. The securities referred to herein have not been registered and will not be registered in the United States under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or in Australia, Canada or Japan or any other jurisdiction where such an offer or solicitation would require the approval of local authorities or otherwise be unlawful. The securities may not be offered or sold in the United States unless such securities are registered under the Securities Act, or an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act is available. Credito Valtellinese does not intend to register any portion of the offering of the securities in the United States. Any public offering of securities to be made in the United States will be made by means of a prospectus that may be obtained from Credito Valtellinese and will contain detailed information about the bank and management, as well as financial statements. Copies of this document are not being made and may not be distributed or sent into the United States, Canada, Australia or Japan.





# 1. Background

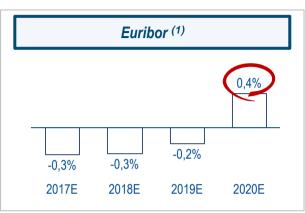
- 2. The three business plan pillars
- 3. Capital management initiatives
- 4. Asset quality
- 5. Relaunch efficiency and profitability
- 6. Economic and financial projections 2018 2020

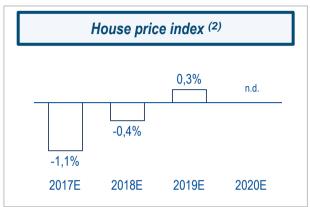


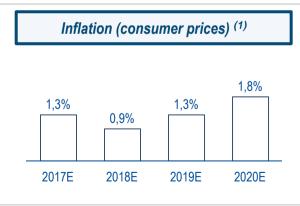


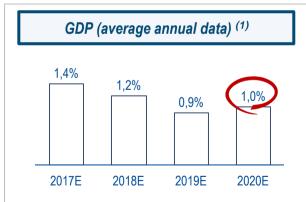
#### Macro-economic scenario included in the projections

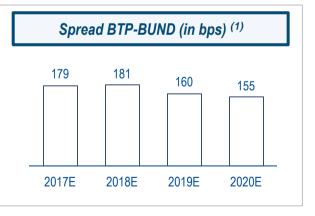














#### Competitive background

Pressure on interest rates

Expected increase of the Euribor post 2019

Pressure on revenues and review of the business model

- Focus on fee based revenue generation
- Review of the business and customer engagement model
- Research of new products/services

Improvement in operating efficiency

- Simplification and automation of processes
  - Redesign and efficiency of front-end and back office processes
- "Obsessive" cost management

Progressive asset quality improvement

- Non performing stock expected decreasing from 2017
- Cost of risk expected under 100 basis point starting from 2019

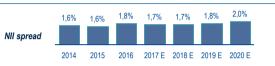
Pressure on profitability

ROE expected equal to approx. 6% in 2020, still with a significant gap with the cost of capital
of the Italian banking sector and focusing banks on potential extraordinary operations to
boost productivity

**Regulatory impact** 

- Introduction of several new guidelines and principles shaping different aspect of the bank operations and business model
- Heavy adaptations needed in order to comply with new regulations













BRRDMREL

 Guidelines on NPL for Less Significant

- Riforma Popolari
- PSD2

■ Calendar provisioning

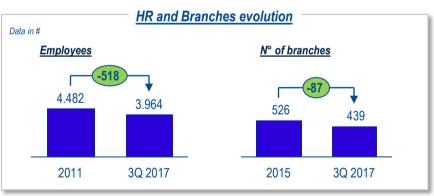
- IFRS 9
- Guidance on NPL

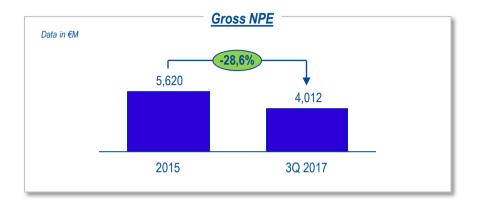










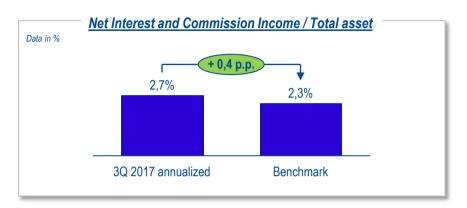


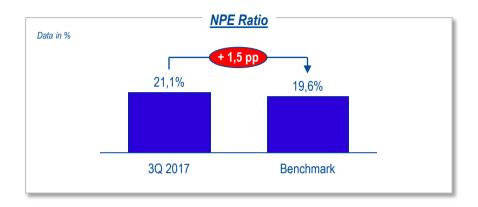


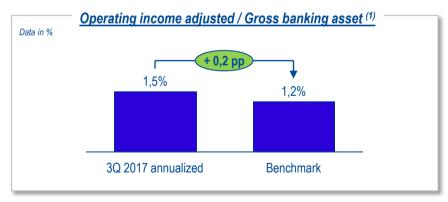


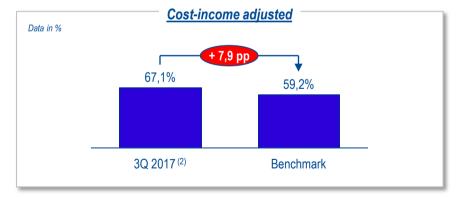


## Creval has to improve asset quality and efficiency













- 1. Background
- 2. The three business plan pillars
- 3. Capital management initiatives
- 4. Asset quality
- 5. Relaunch efficiency and profitability
- 6. Economic and financial projections 2018 2020



#### The three business plan pillars

1

#### **Capital strengthening**

- 700€m rights issue fully pre-underwritten (1)
- Non core assets disposals
- On top of the capital plan: AIRB models adoptions, subject to regulatory approval



2

# Asset quality and coverage ratio

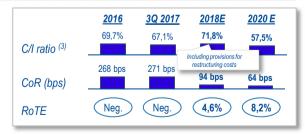
- Actions for decisive balance sheet derisking through:
- NPEs disposal with GAGS (1,60€bn GBV)
- Other NPEs disposal (0,5€bn GBV)
- Increase of NPEs coverage ratios



3

# Relaunch efficiency and profitability

- Improve operational efficiency
- Redundancy fund
- · Cost of risk reduction
- Further actions aimed at strengthening business profitability







- 1. Background
- 2. The three business plan pillars
- 3. Capital management initiatives
- 4. Asset quality
- 5. Relaunch efficiency and profitability
- 6. Economic and financial projections 2018 2020



### Capital increase and disposal of non core asset

#### Action

#### Description

#### CET1 Impact (1)

#### **Capital increase**

- **700€m rights issue** fully pre-underwritten by Mediobanca Banca di Credito Finanziario S.p.A.<sup>(2)</sup>
- Issue of new ordinary shares with pre-emptive rights to current shareholders
- Timetable:
  - EGM to approve transaction: December, the 19<sup>th</sup> 2017
  - Launch expected in 1Q2018 subject to market conditions and regulatory approval



# Disposal of non core assets

Disposal of non core assets / minority stakes with a positive impact on CET1 capital for c.60€m and c.40€m RWA release

+ 47 bps

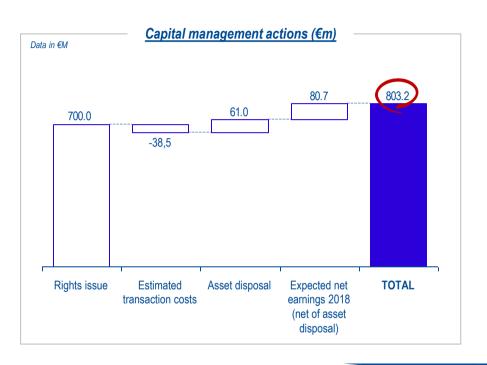
+ 527 bps

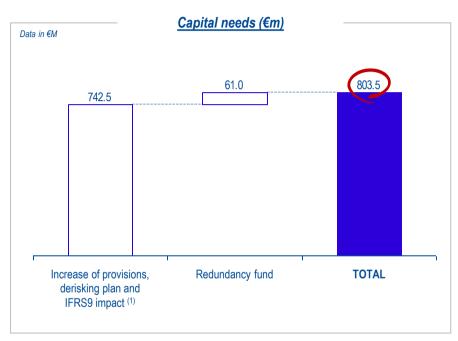






### Capital reinforcement to cover derisking actions and improve efficiency levels





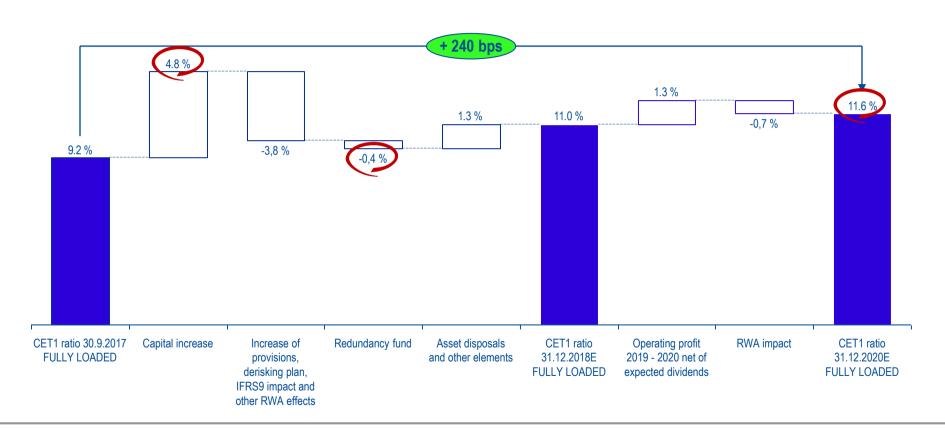
#### Capital reinforcement measures aimed at decisive derisking



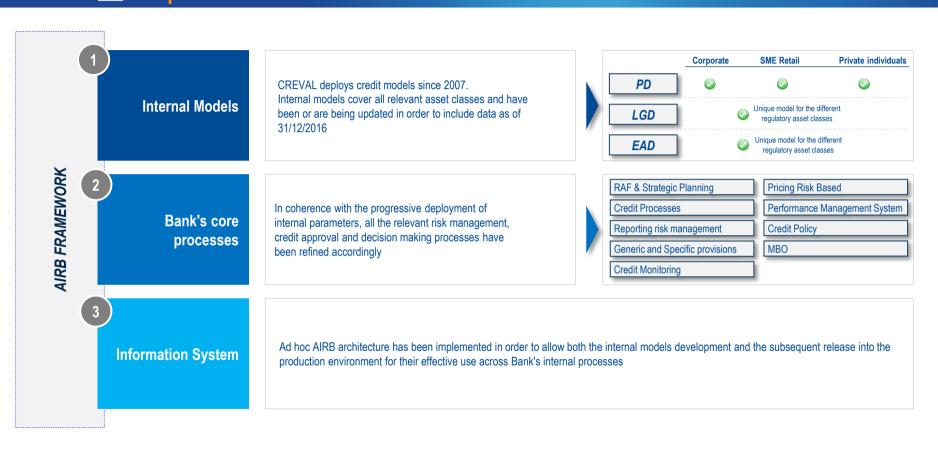




# Evolution of the CET1 Ratio<sup>(1)</sup> fully loaded before AIRB validation



#### Creval AIRB framework

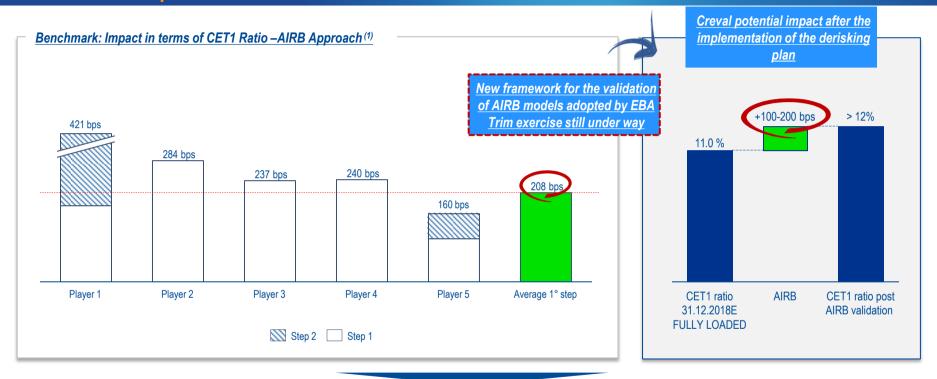








## Potential AIRB impact on CET1 Ratio



# Approval of the internal model expected in 2018 - subject to regulatory approval -

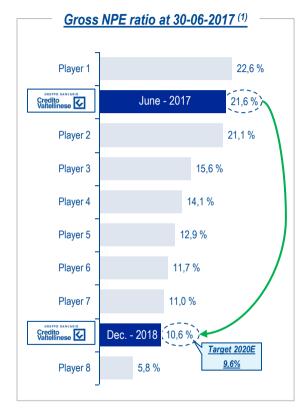


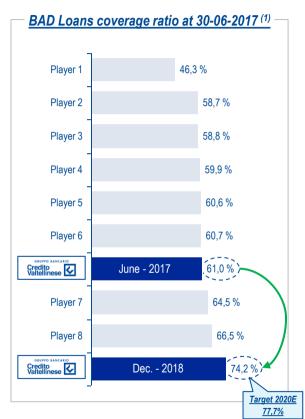


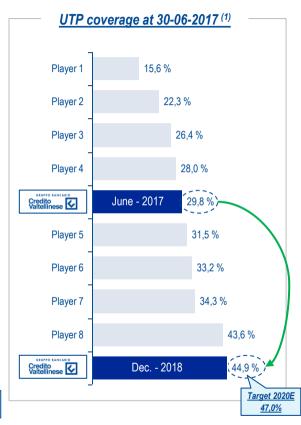
- 1. Background
- 2. The three business plan pillars
- 3. Capital management initiatives
- 4. Asset quality
- 5. Relaunch efficiency and profitability
- 6. Economic and financial projections 2018 2020













### Asset quality and derisking

#### Driver

#### **Background and rationale**

#### Main impacts

#### **Deleveraging of NPE**

#### Disposal of:

- 1,6 €bn NPEs via a GACS securitization in the first half of 2018;
- 0,5 €bn through other disposal operations in the second half of 2018.



#### Coverage

Envisaged a series of initiatives to increase the coverage of the NPEs portfolio up to about 59% in order to reduce significantly Credito Valtellinese's risk profile:

- Additional ~280€m provisions on UTP (including project Aragorn)
- Additional ~180€m provisions on bad loans (including project Aragorn and other disposal)
- Additional provisions in relation to IFRS 9 (Stage1+ Stage2)



#### NPE management model

- Concentration of the NPE Unit on a smaller portfolio
- Increasing UTP and Bad Loans Recovery Rate with less loans to manage
- Cash flow on "going concern" basis from restructured loans and under restructuring
- Incremental cash flow projections in relation to a positive Real Estate market development
- Bad Loans recovery rate increased for the effect of the partnership with Cerved



# Credit strategy and Early Warning

- Adoption of a new credit policy model, in order to strongly oversee the credit quality
- Further reinforcement of credit quality KPIs in the performance management model
- Reinforcement of the Early Warning system to promptly manage any problematic situations
- Adoption of AIRB model





Asset quality and derisking – track record and new transactions

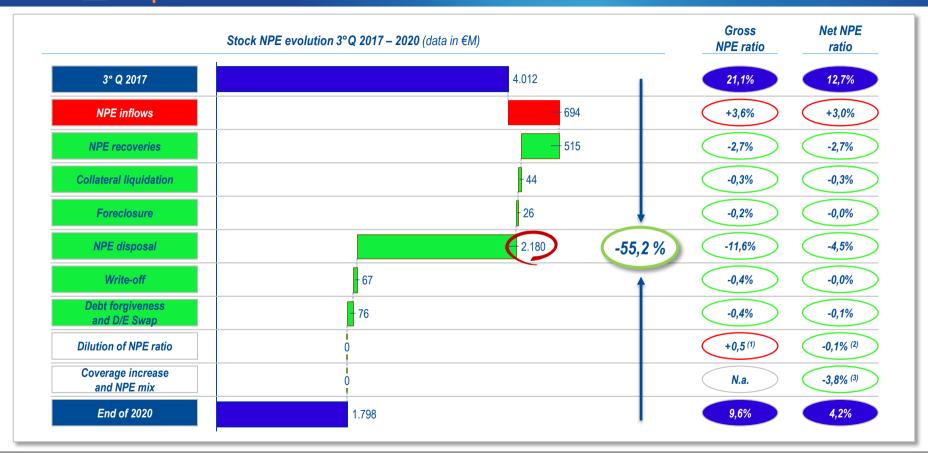
Total disposal 2017
- 2020 3,5€bn







### NPE plan – main expected results

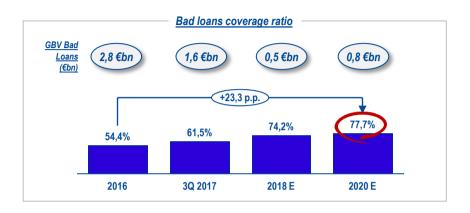


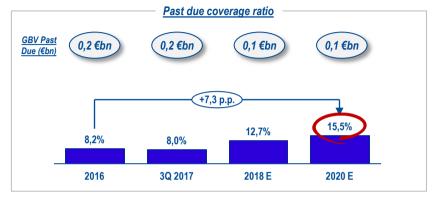


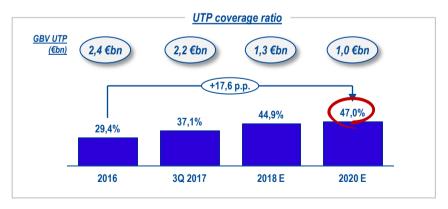




# NPE plan – evolution of coverage ratio



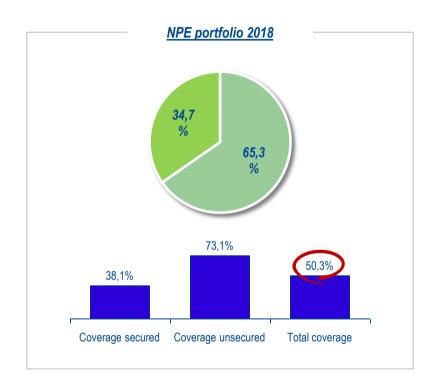








# NPE portfolio breakdown





Unsecured

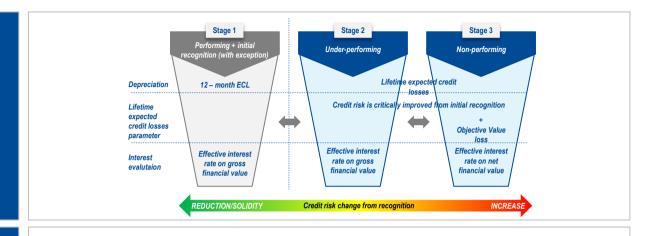
Secured



#### IFRS9 and Phasing-in of the FTA reserves

- P&L in the Creval's
   Business Plan prepared
   in continuity with IAS 39
   principle, taking into
   considerations all the
   estimated impacts
   related to First Time
   Adoption (FTA) of the
   new IFRS9 principle
- No material impacts expected on the estimated cost of risk during the Business Plan horizon – for stage 1, stage 2 loans – due to the conservative approach to be adopted on FTA process

IFRS9



PHASING-IN OF FTA RESERVES

• Credito Valtellinese is evaluating to activate – when all the framework will be finally determined and stabilized - the Phasing-in<sup>(1)</sup> option for the FTA regulatory treatment, in order to increase provisions and, at the same time, to achieve the maximum capital flexibility.





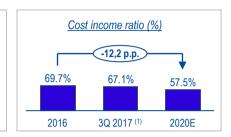
- 1. Background
- 2. The three business plan pillars
- 3. Capital management initiatives
- 4. Asset quality
- 5. Relaunch efficiency and profitability
- 6. Economic and financial projections 2018 2020



### Cost management and commercial improvement

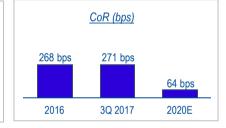
# Efficiency and cost base optimization

- · Merge by incorporation of Credito Siciliano into Credito Valtellinese
- Personnel reduction through the activation of redundancy fund for c.170
   FTE
- Review of branch network with target of c.350 branches by 2018
- Reinforcement of cost management structure
- Cost cutting plan implementation



# Risk approach and cost of risk evolution

- Credit origination to SMEs and households with low expected loss
- · Strict risk approach on new lending
- Activation of the new Early Warning model
- AIRB model implementation

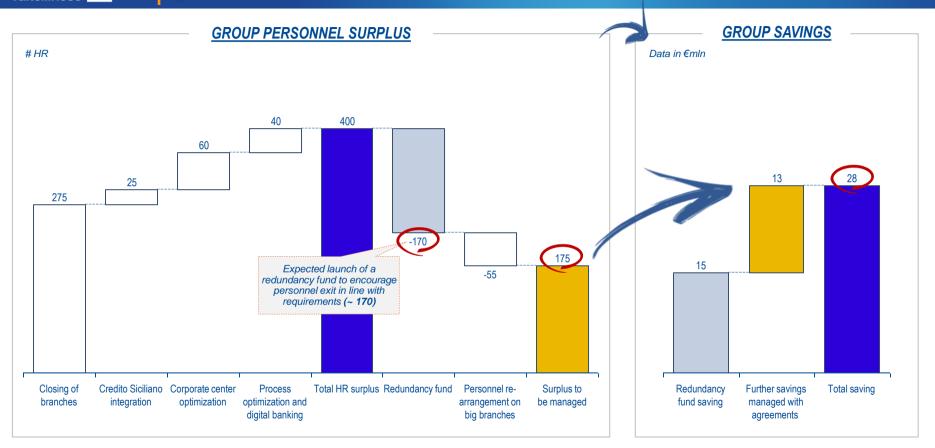


# Further commercial improvement

- Bancassurance agreement with best in class player
- Asset management improvement (1,7 €bn of net inflows over the horizon)
- 'Value lending' (i.e. personal loans) development
- Reinforcement of the international and agricultural business
- Development and implementation of performance management tools











## Group simplification through reduction of personnel, branches and other costs

Lean banking

Lean banking model through further organizational simplification and a specific cost optimization program

**Digital migration** 

Migration from traditional channel to digital ones also through the development of an advanced online banking and innovative self-branches concept

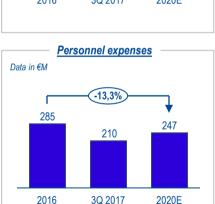
**ICT** management

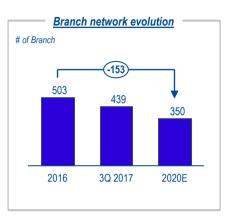
 Development of Creval Sistemi e Servizi, also through partnership, in order to optimize the cost base, improve the time to market and to face the investment needed in the future (blockchain, cyber security...)

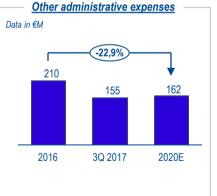
Industrial transformation

IT Investments for around 44€M to support the industrial transformation and evolution of the Group







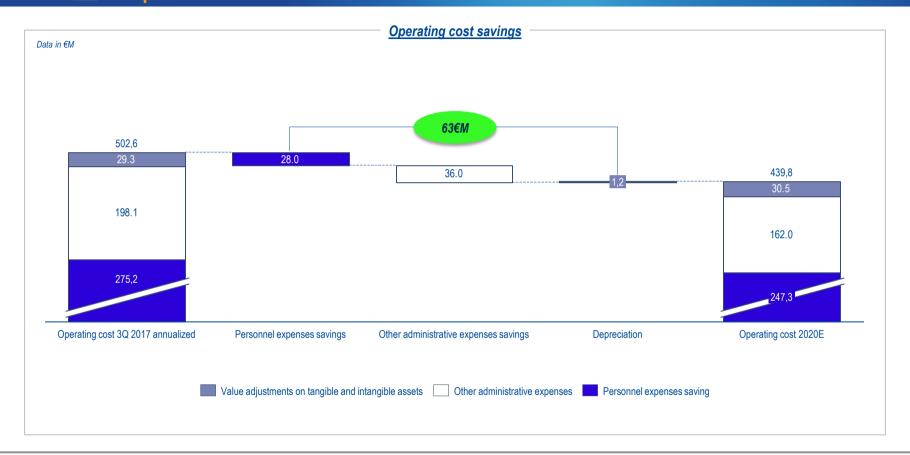








# Cost saving program ("LightBank60")

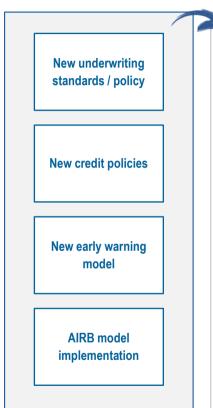








### Cost of risk reduction through new credit policies, new early warning model and AIRB







### **Commercial improvement**

Value lending

"Value lending" development (i.e. personal loans)

High value product

 Factoring business already put in place; strengthening of the trade finance business through dedicated resources and budget and development of a dedicated offering for the agriculture sector

Bancassurance

Improvement of the bancassurance performance also through the partnership with major insurance players

Big data

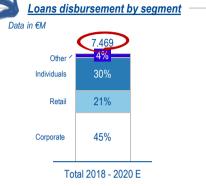
Big data management through CRM development

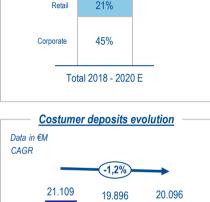
Bancaperta

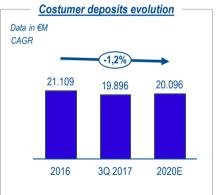
Further improvement of the digital offer strategy (Bancaperta)

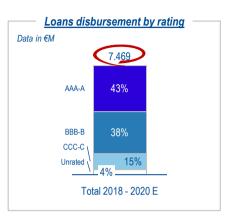
Performance management

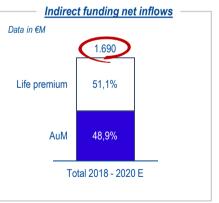
Development of performance management tools designed for real time monitoring









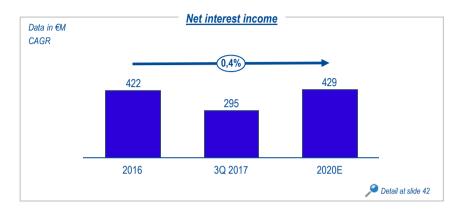




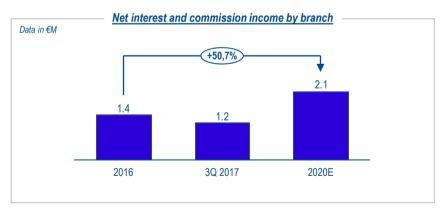




#### Net interest income and net commission evolution









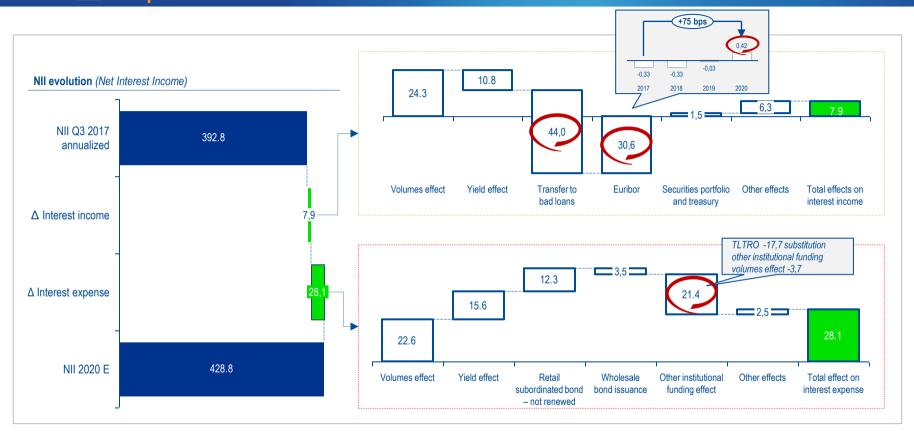


Legend: XX CAGR %



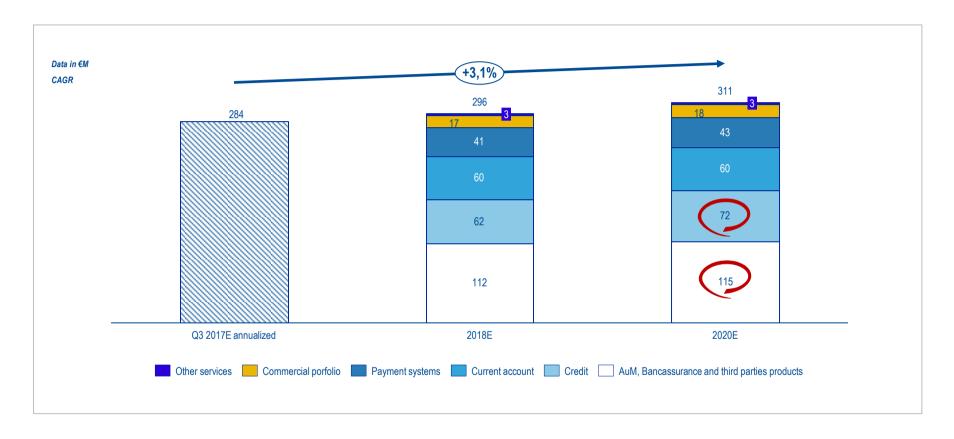


#### Net interest income evolution 3Q 2017 annualized – 2020E





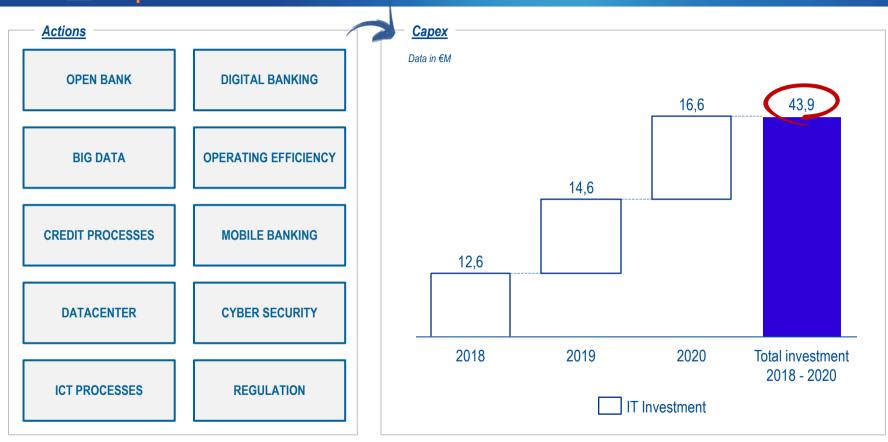








# Creval Group investments between 2018 and 2020







- 1. Background
- 2. The three business plan pillars
- 3. Capital management initiatives
- 4. Asset quality
- 5. Relaunch efficiency and profitability
- 6. Economic and financial projections 2018 2020





#### **Economic and financial projections 3Q 2017 - 2020**

		3Q 2017 Adj	2018E	2020E	CAGR 3Q 2017 Annualized – 2020E
Income statement (€M)	Net interest income	295	394	429	+3,0%
	Net commission income	213	296	311	+3,1%
	Net interest and commission income	508	690	740	+3,0%
	Other revenues <sup>(1)</sup>	33	33	24	n.a.
	Operating costs	-380	-520	-440	-2,6%
	Value adjustments	-153	-161	-113	-39,1%
	Other elements (2)	-2	52	-2	n.a.
	Income before taxes	7	95	210	n.a.
	Taxes	-	-18	-60	n.a.
	Net income (3)	-	73	150	n.a.
Balance sheet (€M)	Direct deposits	19.896	20.068	20.096	+0,3%
	Indirect deposits	11.918	12.799	14.050	+5,6%
	Customer loans	17.119	16.832	17.417	0,6%
	Book value	1.361	1.603	1.834	+10,5%
	Tangible book value	1.316	1.587	1.818	+11,4%
Legend: Bankit Schemes					











# Creval Business Plan 2018 – 2020





Restart Under New-Normality

November, 7th 2017







- 1. Executive Summary and 4Q2017 results
- 2. Creval Business Plan 2018 2020
- 3. Consolidated Results as at September 30<sup>th</sup> 2017





# Consolidated Results as at September 30<sup>th</sup> 2017



### **Disclaimer**

- This document has been prepared by Credito Valtellinese for information purpose only and does not constitute a
  public offer under any applicable legislation or an offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to purchase or subscribe for
  securities or financial instruments or any advice or recommendation with respect of such securities or other financial
  instruments.
- The information, opinions, estimates and forecasts contained herein have not been independently verified. They have been obtained from, are based upon, sources that company believes to be reliable but makes no representations (either express or implied) or warranty on their completeness, timeliness or accuracy.
- The document may contain forward-looking statements, which are therefore inherently uncertain. All forward-looking statements rely on a number of assumptions, expectations, projections and provisional data concerning future events and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties, many of which are outside the company's control. There are a variety of factors that may cause actual results and performance to be materially different from the explicit or implicit contents any forward-looking statements and thus, such forward-looking statements are not a reliable indicator of future performance. The company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required by applicable law. The information and opinions contained in this Presentation are provided as at the date hereof and are subject to change without notice.
- Pursuant the consolidated law on financial intermediation of 24 February 1998 (article 154-bis, paragraph 2), Simona Orietti, in her capacity as manager in charge of financial reporting declares that the accounting information contained in this Presentation reflects the group's documented results, financial accounts and accounting records.







- 1. Credit policies and asset quality
- 2. Funding, liquidity and securities portfolio
- 3. Capital ratio
- 4. Revenues development
- 5. Cost management and Net profit development
- 6. Annexes



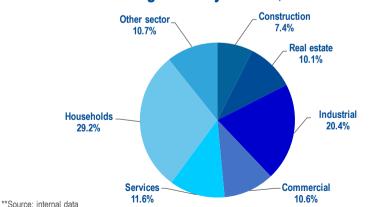
# Credit policies and asset quality - Loans to customers analysis



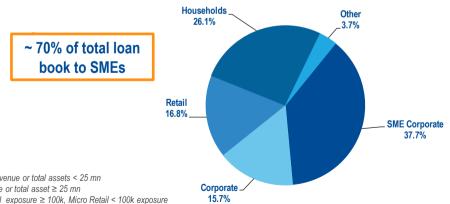
<sup>\*</sup> Total gross loans to customers net of exposures with institutions, mainly CCG (Cassa Compensazione e Garanzia) and CDP (Cassa Depositi e Prestiti)

<sup>1</sup> Net of collections and other movement (expenses. time value, etc.) recorded from 30 November 2016 to 30 June 2017.

#### Performing loans by sector (ATECO classification)\*\*



#### Total gross loans by asset class\*\*



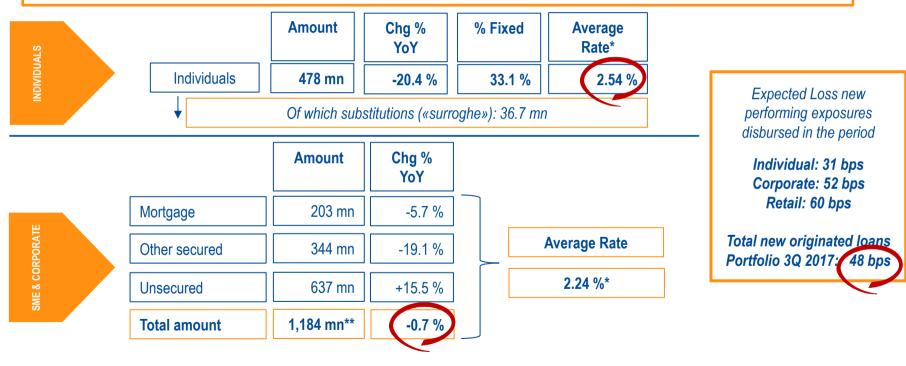
- SME corporate: revenue or total assets < 25 mn
- Corporate: revenue or total asset ≥ 25 mn
- Retail: Small Retail exposure ≥ 100k, Micro Retail < 100k exposure





## Credit policies and asset quality - Focus on new loans

1,662 mn of newly granted loans (Individuals and SMEs/Corporate) over the period Expected Loss performing portfolio -5 bps since June 2017



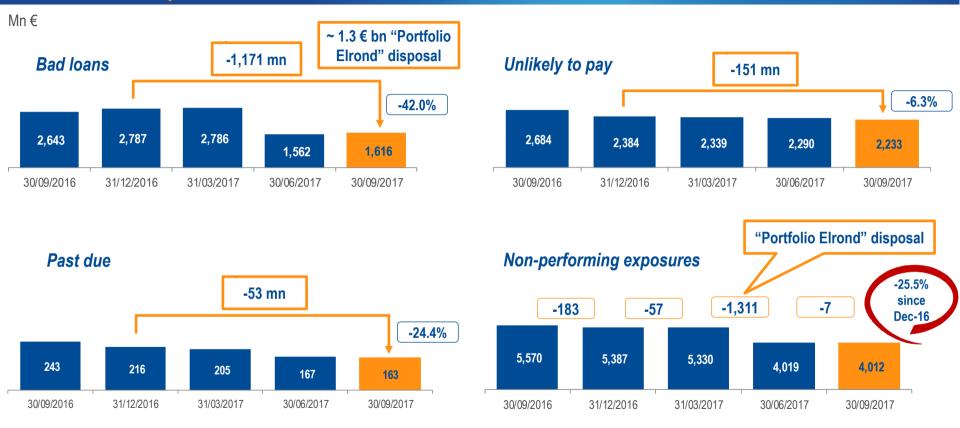
\*Average rate from the beginning of the year

\*\*Net of institutional loans Source: internal data





## Credit policies and asset quality - Non performing exposures (Gross amount)





# Credit policies and asset quality – Asset quality (1/2)

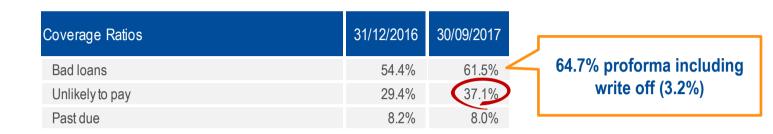






## Credit policies and asset quality – Asset quality (2/2)

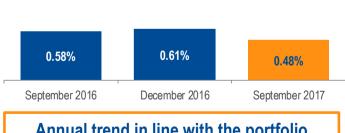
Mn €



#### Non-performing exposures Coverage



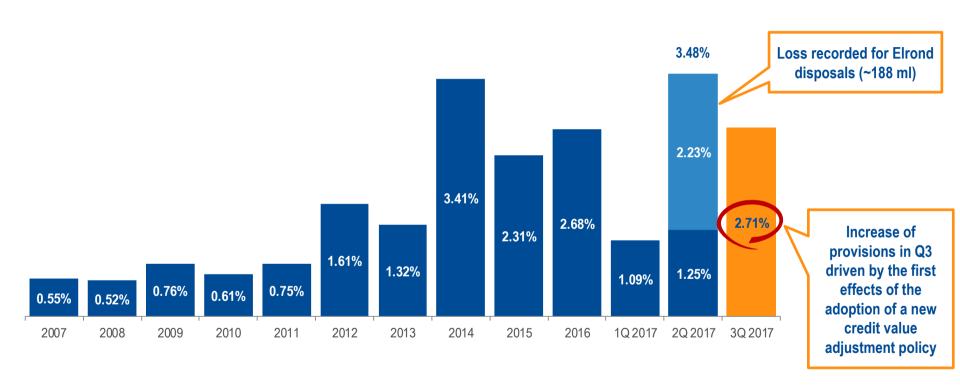
#### Coverage Bonis



Annual trend in line with the portfolio improvement effect and new credit policy



### **Cost of credit – Trend**

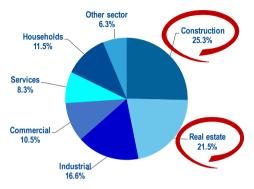






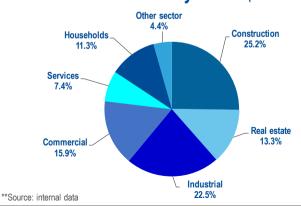
# NPEs by sector – ATECO classification as at September 30, 2017

#### Breakdown Npe by sector (ATECO classification)\*\*

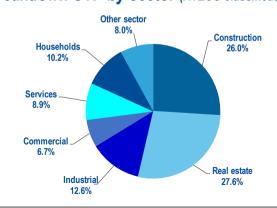




#### Breakdown bad loans by sector (ATECO classification)\*



#### Breakdown UTP by sector (ATECO classification)\*\*



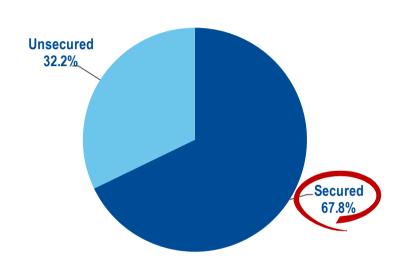


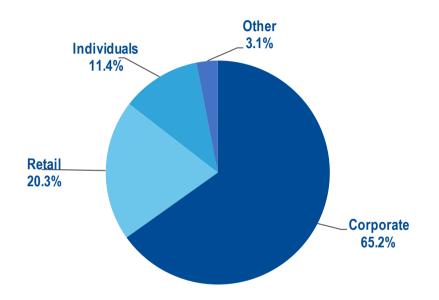


# Breakdown on Npe as at September 30, 2017

Gross Npe – Guarantees

Gross Npe - Segment





Personal guarantees not included

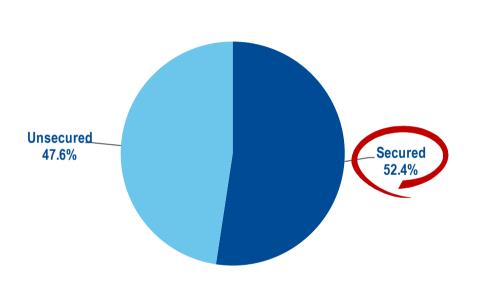


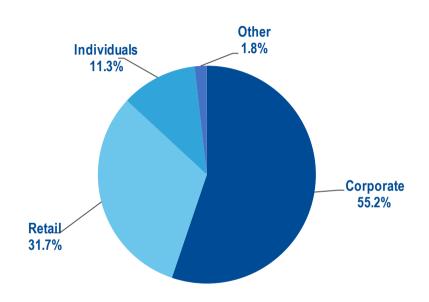


# Breakdown of bad loans as at September 30, 2017

#### Gross BAD LOANS - Guarantees

#### Gross BAD LOANS - Segment





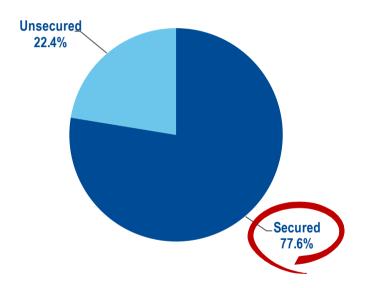
Personal guarantees not included



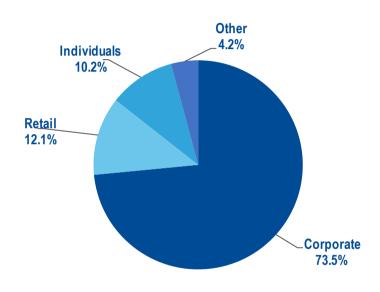


# Breakdown of UTP as at September 30, 2017

#### **Gross UTP – Guarantees**



#### **Gross UTP - Segment**

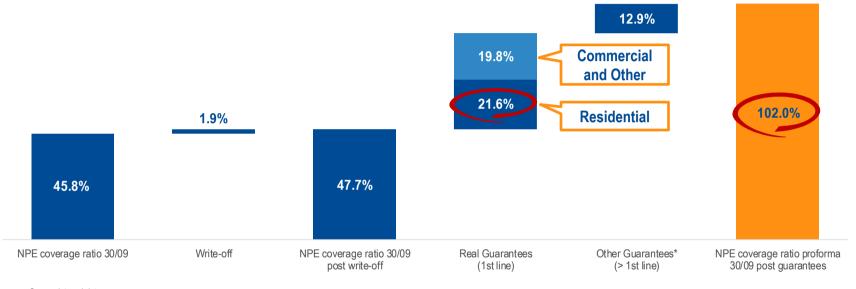


Personal guarantees not included



## Credit policies and asset quality – NPE's analysis including collateral

#### NPE Coverage Ratio (%)



Source: internal data

Real estate value equal to the last **market value** (according to the specific appraisal, delivered by **third party** appraiser), **capped** at the maximum amount represented by the value of the loans.

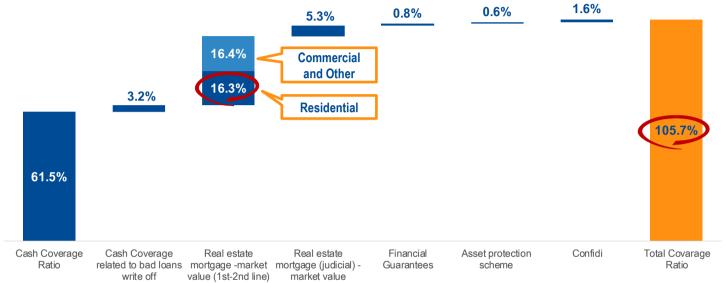
Only «cash guarantees» considered, like financial guarantees, APS. No consideration at all for personal guarantees.



<sup>\*</sup> Real estate 2<sup>nd</sup> line + judicial + financial + APS + Confidi

# Credit policies and asset quality – NPL's analysis - including collateral





Source: internal data

Real estate value equal to the last **market value** (according to the specific appraisal, delivered by **third party** appraiser), **capped** at the maximum amount represented by the value of the loans.

Only «cash guarantees» considered, like financial guarantees, APS. No consideration at all for personal guarantees.







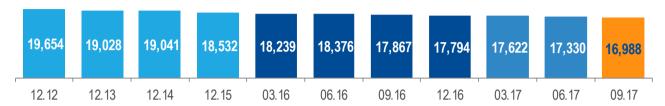
- 1. Credit policies and asset quality
- 2. Funding, liquidity and securities portfolio
- 3. Capital ratio
- 4. Revenues development
- 5. Cost management and Net profit development
- 6. Annexes



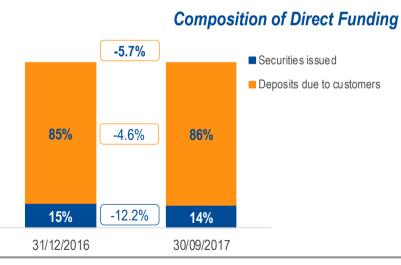


# Funding, liquidity and securities portfolio - Direct deposits

#### Quarterly trend (€mn) Retail funding \*



<sup>\*</sup> Total funding net of CCG, CDP and institutionals



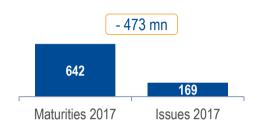
(mn€)	31/12/2016	30/09/2017	Chg. %
Saving Deposits	503	443	-12.0%
Time deposits	1,528	877	-42.6%
Current accounts	13,118	13,474	2.7%
Securitizations	304	227	-25.2%
Wholesale bonds (senior + subordinated)	133	278	108.3%
Senior retail bonds	2,090	1,771	-15.3%
Subordinated retail bonds	375	221	-41.1%
Deposit certificates	110	131	19.4%
Deposits CCG & CDP	2,754	2,287	-17.0%
Other	194	187	-3.6%
DIRECT FUNDING	21,109	19,896	-5.7%





# Funding, liquidity and securities portfolio - Bonds by maturities and ECB funding

#### Retail: bonds senior + subordinated (€ mn)



#### 2017 – 2019 Maturities Retail + Wholesale (€ mn)



Source: internal data

#### Wholesale bonds (€ mn)



#### ECB funding Creval September 2017 (€ mn)







### Funding, liquidity and securities portfolio – Liquidity position

#### Gross commercial loans / Retail funding





#### Short-term liquidity position – September, 27<sup>th</sup> 2017 (€ mn)

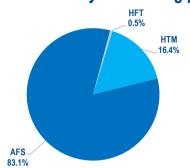
	1d	2d	3d	4d	5d	2w	3w	1m	2m	3m
Net balance of cumulative expiring positions	- 208	- 154	- 633	- 617	- 555	- 555	- 579	- 849	- 1,068	- 1,278
Counterbalancing Capacity	3,351	3,291	3,746	3,857	3,757	3,737	3,805	3,901	4,060	4,210
Net balance of overall liquidity	3,142	3,136	3,113	3,240	3,203	3,182	3,226	3,052	2,992	2,932

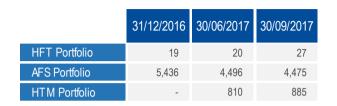
Net liquidity balance ~ 12.6% of the Total Asset of the Group



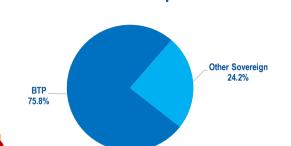
## Funding, liquidity and securities portfolio - Securities portfolio diversification

#### Breakdown by accounting portfolio



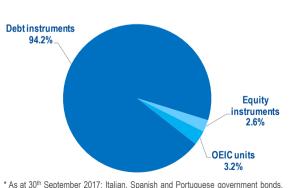


Current Average Duration of Govie's AFS portfolio\*



Breakdown of HTM portfolio

#### Breakdown of AFS portfolio

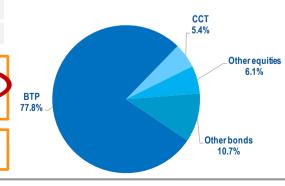


	31/12/2016	30/06/2017	30/09/2017
Debt instruments	5,199	4,293	4,217
Equity instruments	127	118	117
OEIC Units	110	85	141

- AFS reserve as at 30 September -18.5 mn €
- AFS reserve on Govies, as at 30 September ~ (- 22.2 mn €
- AFS reserve as at 03 November ~ 15.3 mn €



AFS reserve on Govies, as at 30 June ~ - 38.4 mn €





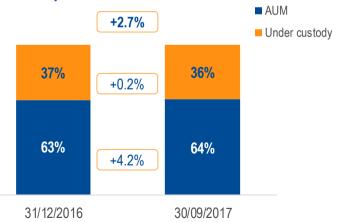
## Funding, liquidity and securities portfolio - Indirect deposits analysis

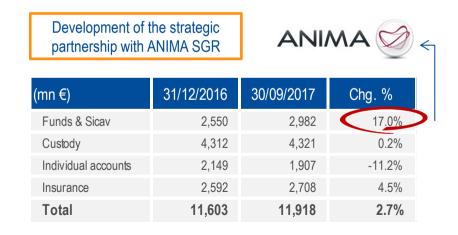
#### Quarterly trend (€mn) Indirect Funding



Placement of "PIR": 91.2 mn

#### Indirect deposits breakdown











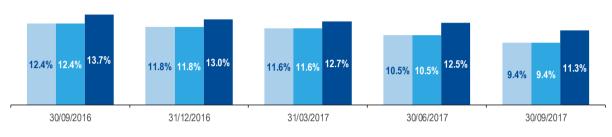
- 1. Credit policies and asset quality
- 2. Funding, liquidity and securities portfolio
- 3. Capital ratio
- 4. Revenues development
- 5. Cost management and Net profit development
- 6. Annexes





#### **Capital ratio- Capital ratios evolution**

#### Capital ratios evolution, phased-in calculation



■ Common Equity Tier 1 ratio

■ Tier 1 ratio ■ Tota

■ Total capital ratio

Capital ratio	30/09/2016	31/12/2016	31/03/2017	30/06/2017	30/09/2017
COMMON EQUITY (€ mn)	1,839	1,713	1,702	1,511	1,295
TIER 1 (€ mn)	1,839	1,713	1,702	1,511	1,295
TIER 2 (€ mn)	195	180	156	284	262
TOTAL CAPITAL (€ mn)	2,033	1,893	1,858	1,795	1,557
RWA (€ mn)	14,819	14,539	14,664	14,361	13,739
TIER 1 RATIO	12.4%	11.8%	11.6%	10.5%	9.4%

Indicator	30/09/2016	31/12/2016	31/03/2017	30/06/2017	30/09/2017
Gross Loan Risk weighted	66.4%	64.1%	65.3%	65.5%	62.0%
RWA/Assets	56.8%	57.1%	56.4%	56.6%	55.0%

Obtainment of the GACS guarantee and incremental provisions on NPEs

Leverage ratio as at 30/06/2017 5.5% (fully loaded)

Requirements	30/09/2016	31/12/2016	31/03/2017	30/06/2017	30/09/2017
Credit	90.3%	90.3%	90.2%	90.1%	88.8%
CVA	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Market	0.04%	0.02%	0.1%	0.1%	0.9%
Operational	9.5%	9.5%	9.5%	9.7%	10.1%





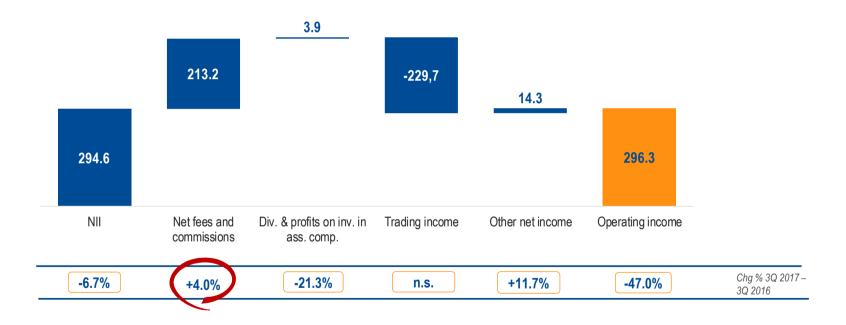


- 1. Credit policies and asset quality
- 2. Funding, liquidity and securities portfolio
- 3. Capital ratio
- 4. Revenues development
- 5. Cost management and Net profit development
- 6. Annexes





# **Revenues development – Operating income development**







## Revenues development – Focus on interest income (1/2)

#### Interest Income, Quarterly figures (€/1,000)



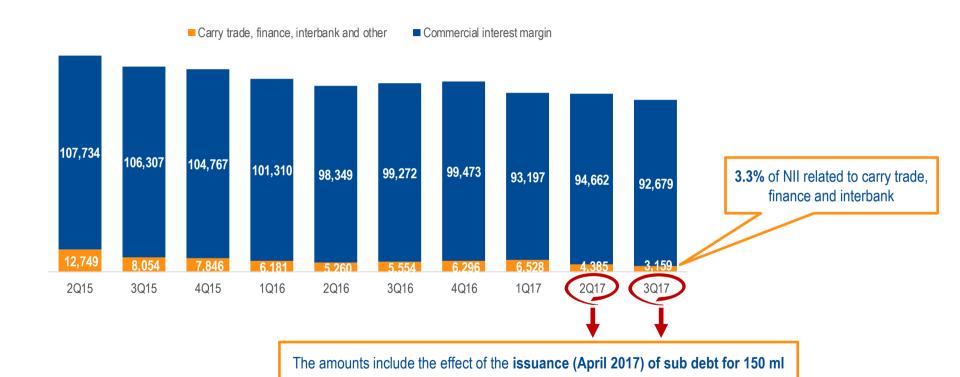
#### Trend euribor quarterly (2014-2017)



\* NIM = Interest income / Loans to customers



## Revenues development – Focus on interest income (2/2)



\*Interest financial assets - Interest due to central counterparties - Interest term deposits with central bank - Hedging results - Interest loans to banks - Interest income securities - Interest banks - Other interest





#### Revenues development – Focus on net fees

#### Net fees quarterly trend (€/1,000)



Payment and collection services/

45,300

47,231

3Q-17

Loans and other



43,192

51,106

3Q-16

+4.9%

-7.6%

**Current account** 

21.2%

<sup>\*</sup> Up front fees: placement of insurance and AUM, fees received from commercial partners (Alba Leasing, Compass, IBL) and Factoring fees





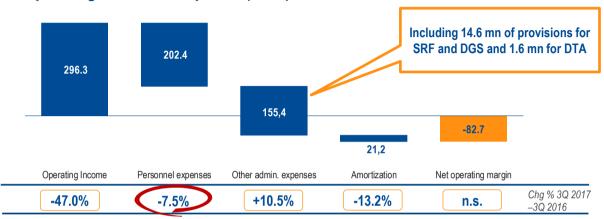
- 1. Credit policies and asset quality
- 2. Funding, liquidity and securities portfolio
- 3. Capital ratio
- 4. Revenues development
- 5. Cost management and Net profit development
- 6. Annexes



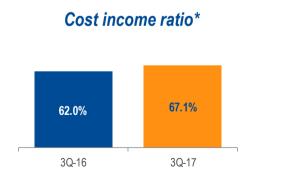


# Cost management and Net profit development - Operating result and cost income

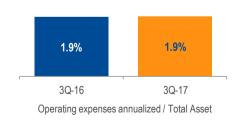
#### Operating result development (€ mn)



Action plan Creval 2017-2018: 87 branches closed (of which 23 in 2016 and 64 in 2017)







#### Operating expenses\* (€ /1,000)



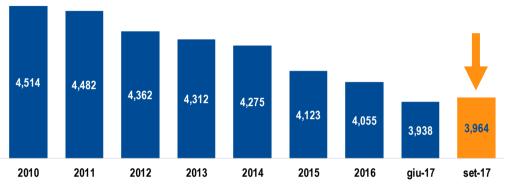
<sup>\*</sup> Pro-forma indicators (excluding extraordinary items in both periods).



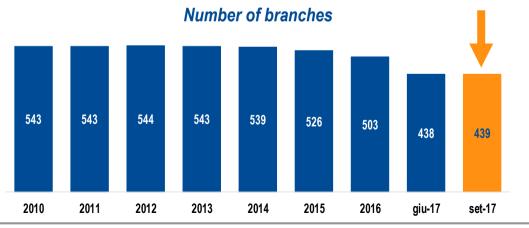


## Cost management and Net profit development – branches and personnel





-550 employees since 2010 (-12%)



-104 branches since 2013 (-19%)



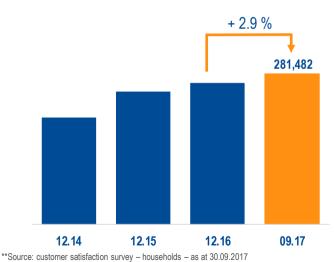


## Executive summary - Strengthening "Customer base" as at 30.09.2017



# bancaperta

#### Active Internet Banking Users



#### Bancaperta access 3Q 2017

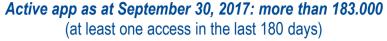


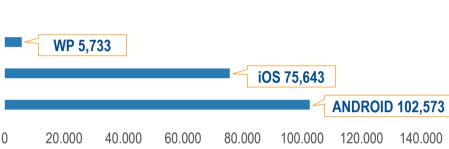


\*As at 30/09/2017: source: internal data



### App Bancaperta: download +8% YtD





From app the 44% average daily access

Coogle play

# Bancaperta considered by users the best banking app

.000 140.000	Google	play	• Hun	62	Micros	oπ Store	
	Reviews	Rank	Reviews	Rank	Reviews	Rank	Average rank
Credito Valtellinese	2,432	4.5	164	4.2	143	4.4	4.5
Fineco	30,260	4.5	8,284	4.2	588	4.1	4.4
Unicredit	69,913	4.3	9,475	4.1	1,950	3.9	4.3
Credem	1,961	4.3	454	3.0	117	4.3	4.1
Banca Pop. Sondrio	1,827	4.2	438	4.0	n.d.	n.d.	4.2
Banca Pop. Milano	6,781	3.8	1,091	3.5	n.d.	n.d.	3.8
BPER	2,737	3.9	388	3.0	n.d.	n.d.	3.8
UBI Banca	5,905	3.7	989	2.5	n.d.	n.d.	3.5
Mediolanum	6,525	4.1	1,112	2.5	234	2.3	3.8
Intesa Sanpaolo	28,667	3.6	2,906	2.5	940	2.9	3.5
CheBanca!	11,777	4.1	1,919	3.5	423	2.5	4.0



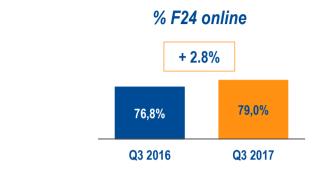
Source: internal data



# Cost management and Net profit development - Online data trend

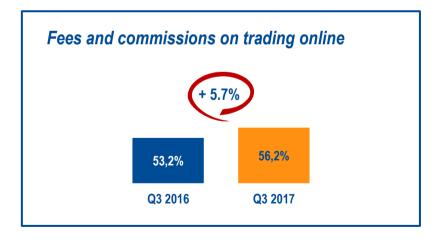






#### % trading online





Source: internal data





## **Cost management and Net profit development – Net profit development**

Of which Atlante and other stake 39.3 mn

Increase of provisions in Q3 driven by the first effects of the adoption of a new credit value adjustments policy

Of which real estate deal 69.7 mn

€ / 1.000	3Q 2017		3Q 2016		Chg %
Net operating margin	-	82,719		174,999	n.s.
Value adjustments	-	386,060	-	388,691	-0.7%
Net accruals to provisions for risks and charges	-	681	-	828	-17.8%
Net gains on sales of investments		68,877		26,261	n.s.
Income before taxes	-	400,583	-	188,259	n.s.
Tax for the period		126		55,169	n.s.
Minorities	-	2,159	-	2,956	-27.0%
Net result	-	402,616	-	136,046	n.s.





# **Extraordinary Items**

Extraordinary Items	September 2017
Loss for NLP disposal (Elrond)	-242.7
Loss for UTP disposal	-13.4
Sale of Anima stake	9.3
Operating income (Elrond)	5.0
Operating costs (Elrond)	-3.0
Personnel extraordinary contribution	7.5
Other administrative expenses (Elrond)	-7.0
Write off of Atlante Fund and other	-39.3
Effects of the adoption of a new credit value adjustment policy and minor Elrond effects	-193.7
Profit from sale of investment	69.7
Extraordinary Items	-407.6
Pre-Tax Result	-400.6
Restated Pre-Tax Result	7.0





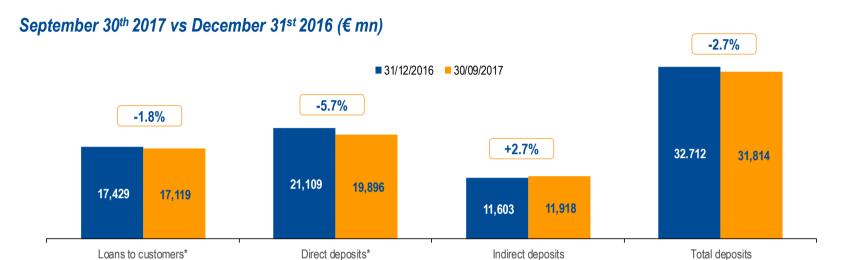


- 1. Credit policies and asset quality
- 2. Funding, liquidity and securities portfolio
- 3. Capital ratio
- 4. Revenues development
- 5. Cost management and Net profit development
- 6. Annexes





#### **Annexes – Consolidated balance Sheet Data**



Balance sheet structure	31/12/2016	30/09/2017
Indirect deposits from customers / Total deposits	35.5%	37.5%
Direct deposits from customers / Total liabilities	82.9%	79.7%
Loans to customers/ Direct deposits from customers	82.6%	86.0%
Loans to customers / Total assets	68.4%	68.5%

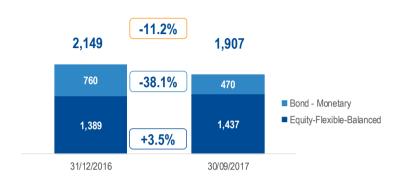
<sup>\*</sup> The amounts include components referring to central counterparties and institutionals





### Annexes – Breakdown indirect deposit





#### Breakdown Custody (€ mn)







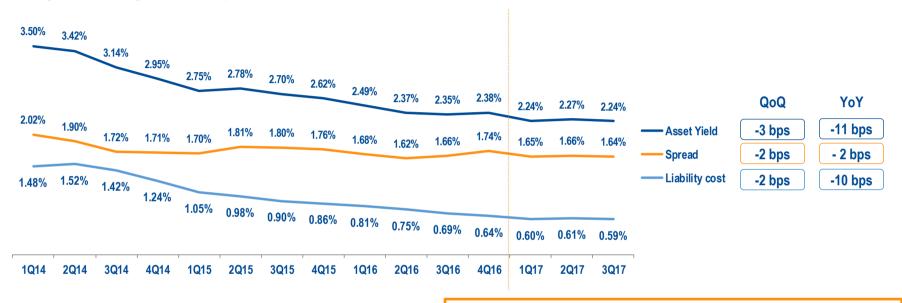


\*\* Other including funds not of our placement



## Annexes – Banking spread

#### Asset yield, liability cost and spread



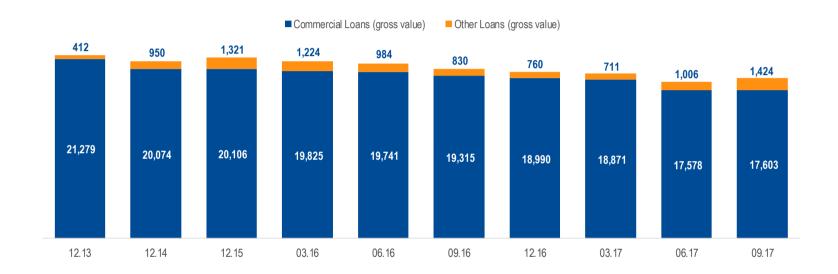
Asset = Loans to customers, loans to banks, financial assets
Asset yield = Interest income / average bearing assets of the quarter
Liability = due to customers, due to banks, securities issued
Liability cost = Interest expenses / average bearing liability of the quarter





## **Annexes – Loans to customers analysis**

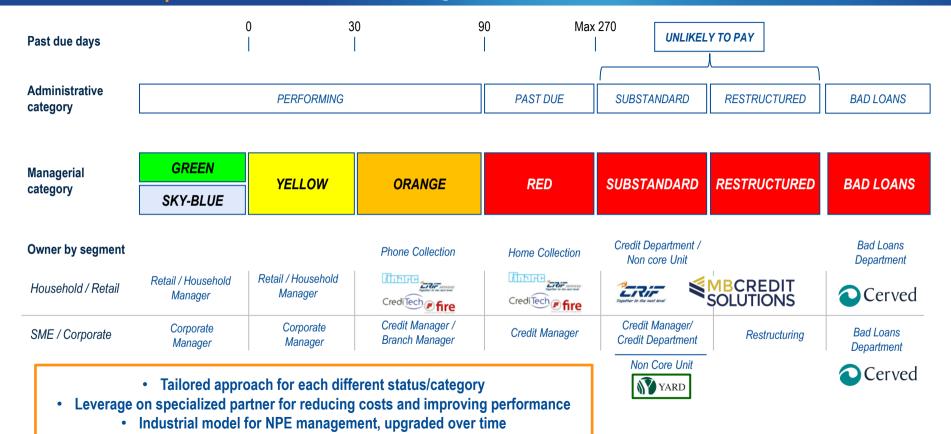
#### Quarterly trend (€ mn)







### **Annexes – NPEs management model**







# **Annexes – Asset quality details**

Mn €

30/09/2017	Gross amount		airment sses	Carrying amount	Coverage ratio
Bad loans	1,616	-	995	621	61.5%
Unlikely to pay loans	2,233	-	829	1,404	37.1%
Past due exposures	163	-	12	151	8.0%
Total impaired loans	4,012	-	1,836	2,176	45.8%
Performing loans	15,015	-	72	14,943	0.5%
Total loans and receivables with customers	19,027	-	1,908	17,119	





# **Annexes – Reclassified balance sheet – quarterly figures**

Assets	30/09/2017	30/06/2017	31/03/2017	31/12/2016	30/09/2016
Cash and cash equivalents	152,978	156,385	150,632	170,735	147,854
Financial assets held for trading	27,282	20,280	22,797	18,999	28,694
Available-for-sale financial assets	4,474,735	4,495,735	4,908,900	5,436,165	5,421,590
Held-to-maturity investments	885,186	810,229	624,471	-	-
Loans and receivables with banks	851,891	916,938	1,347,802	821,748	1,064,051
Loans and receivables with customers	17,119,206	16,857,488	17,281,485	17,429,196	17,813,992
Hedging derivatives	82	-	-	-	-
Equity Investments	25,130	23,268	9,742	9,559	9,574
Property, equipment and investment property and intangible assets	441,388	449,962	480,553	483,816	562,903
Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale	6,928	507,709	32,071	1,498	864
Other assets	992,806	1,155,950	1,125,569	1,097,743	1,031,093
Total assets	24,977,612	25,393,944	25,984,022	25,469,459	26,080,615

Liabilities and Equity	30/09/2017	30/06/2017	31/03/2017	31/12/2016	30/09/2016
Due to banks	2,728,082	2,655,250	2,805,884	1,661,670	1,742,354
Direct funding from customers	19,896,215	20,023,354	20,168,413	21,108,765	21,103,638
Financial liabilities held for trading	1,827	674	411	1,468	759
Hedging derivatives	265,684	263,821	286,390	294,137	350,170
Other liabilities	552,140	727,207	802,722	437,838	727,939
Provisions for specific purpose	169,795	171,722	209,463	208,111	187,404
Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	2,844	3,378	3,586	4,040	3,775
Equity	1,361,025	1,548,538	1,707,153	1,753,430	1,964,576
Total liabilities and equity	24,977,612	25,393,944	25,984,022	25,469,459	26,080,615





# **Annexes – Reclassified consolidated income statement**

Income statement	Q3	3 2017	(	Q2 2017	C	21 2017	(	Q4 2016	C	23 2016
Net interest income		95,838		99,047		99,725		105,769		104,826
Net fee and commission income		70,881		74,646		67,670		75,545		68,620
Dividends and similar income		24		2,586		290		33		80
Profit (loss) of equity-accounted investments		832	-	16		174		142		480
Net trading and hedging income (expense) and profit (loss) on sales/repurchases	-	240,543	-	1,282		12,092	-	36,062	-	15,449
Other operating net income		3,669		5,795		4,905		3,375		4,115
Operating income	-	69,299		180,776		184,856		148,802		162,672
Personnel expenses	-	68,068	-	59,193	-	75,122	-	127,358	-	72,443
Other administrative expenses	-	47,741	-	59,494	-	48,217	-	69,494	-	41,928
Depreciation/amortisation and net impairment losses on property, equipment and investment property and intangible assets	-	7,363	-	6,455	-	7,399	-	9,474	-	8,389
Operating costs	-	123,172	-	125,142	-	130,738	-	206,326	-	122,760
Operating profit	-	192,471		55,634		54,118	-	57,524		39,912
Net impairment losses on loans and receivables and other financial assets	-	17,047	-	321,102	-	47,911	-	102,541	-	236,914
Net accruals to provisions for risks and charges	-	639		1,024	-	1,066		11,493		1,055
Value adjustments of goodwill		-		-		-	-	68,797		-
Net gains (losses) on sales of investments		97		68,798	-	18		5,105		9
Pre-tax profit (loss) from continuing operations	-	210,060	-	195,646		5,123	-	212,264	-	195,938
Income taxes		2,603	-	801	-	1,676		16,622		41,557
Post-tax profit (loss) from continuing operations	-	207,457	-	196,447		3,447		195,642	-	154,381
Profit (loss) for the period attributable to non-controlling interests	-	331	-	739	-	1,089	-	1,415	-	801
Profit (Loss) for the period	-	207,788	-	197,186		2,358	-	197,057	-	155,182





# **Contacts for Investor and Financial Analysts**

Ugo Colombo CFO (Chief Financial Officer)

Mob. +39 3355761968

Email colombo.ugo@creval.it

Tiziana Camozzi Head of Investor Relations

Tel. +39 0280637471

Mob. +39 3346700124

Email camozzi.tiziana@creval.it





# Consolidated Results as at September 30<sup>th</sup> 2017

